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# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Large Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.  
55013(1992)Total Pages in this Submission  
23

## TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

Box Patent Application  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

CABLE MODEM HAVING A WIRELESS COMMUNICATION FUNCTION

and invented by:

HIROSHI KINEMURA

If a CONTINUATION APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

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Enclosed are:

## Application Elements

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 16 pages and including the following:
  - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
  - b. ☐ Cross References to Related Applications (if applicable)
  - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (if applicable)
  - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (if applicable)
  - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
  - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (if drawings filed)
  - h. ☒ Detailed Description
  - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
  - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Large Entity)

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

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23

## Application Elements (Continued)

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)
- a. ☒ Formal                      Number of Sheets 7
- b. ☐ Informal                      Number of Sheets \_\_\_\_\_
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)                      ☐ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional application only)
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney                      ☐ Without Power of Attorney
- d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under  
Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby  
incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche (Appendix)
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all must be included)
- a. ☐ Paper Copy
- b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy (identical to computer copy)
- c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

## Accompanying Application Parts

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(B) Statement (when there is an assignee)
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449                      ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing
- ☐ First Class                      ☒ Express Mail (Specify Label No.): EL054597224US

**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Large Entity)**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.  
55013(1992)

Total Pages in this Submission  
23

**Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)**

15. ☒ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)  
Certified Copy of Japanese Patent Application No. 11-222576, Filed 8/5/99
16. ☐ Additional Enclosures (please identify below):

**Fee Calculation and Transmittal**

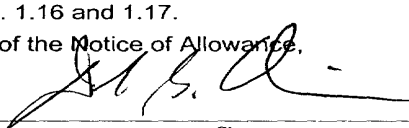
**CLAIMS AS FILED**

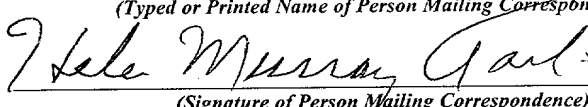
	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	8	- 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	1	- 3 =	0	x \$78.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
				<b>BASIC FEE</b>	\$690.00
<b>OTHER FEE (specify purpose)</b>					\$0.00
				<b>TOTAL FILING FEE</b>	\$690.00

- ☒ A check in the amount of **\$690.00** to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ as filing fee.
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- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).

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<b>CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)</b> Applicant(s): Hiroshi Kinemura			Docket No. <b>55013(1992)</b>	
Serial No. Not Yet Assigned	Filing Date Filed Herewith	Examiner Not Yet Assigned	Group Art Unit Not Yet Assigned	
Invention: <b>CABLE MODEM HAVING A WIRELESS COMMUNICATION FUNCTION</b>				
<p>I hereby certify that this <u>UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><small>(Identify type of correspondence)</small></p> <p>is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 in an envelope addressed to: The Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231 on</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>August 1, 2000</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><small>(Date)</small></p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <u>Helen Murray Tarbi</u>  <small>(Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence)</small>    <small>(Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence)</small> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <u>EL054597224US</u>  <small>("Express Mail" Mailing Label Number)</small> </div>				
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# CABLE MODEM HAVING A WIRELESS COMMUNICATION FUNCTION

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### Field of the Invention

5           The present invention relates to a cable modem that exchanges information by using a CATV network as an information transfer medium.

### Description of the Prior Art

          An example of a conventional cable modem is shown in Fig. 9. This cable  
10   modem 81 is, on the one hand, connected by way of a 75  $\Omega$  coaxial cable 82 to a CATV station (head end) of a CATV network (not shown), and, on the other hand, connected by way of cables 84a, 84b, . . . , such as a LAN cable and a USB (universal serial bus) cable, to an information processing terminals 83a, 83b, . . . , such as personal computers (this system will be referred to as conventional system  
15   1). In Fig. 9, reference numeral 91 represents a set-top box connected to an RF coaxial cable 100, and reference numeral 92 represents a television monitor connected to the set-top box. Reference symbol LO represents a living room, and reference symbols L1 and L2 represent other rooms separate therefrom.

          On the other hand, for example, Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No.  
20   H10-234028 discloses a cable modem (CATV home unit) provided with a CATV data transmission/reception unit and a wireless LAN unit. Here, the CATV data transmission/reception unit is connected by way of a CATV cable to a CATV network, and is connected to individual information processing terminals through wireless communication by the wireless LAN unit (this system will be referred to as

conventional system 2).

However, with the cable modem of conventional system 1 described above, which is based on wired communication, the connection between the cable modem 81 and information processing terminals 83a, 83b, . . . , such as personal computers, requires installation of cables 84a, 84b, . . . , such as a LAN cable and a USB cable. In particular in cases where the cable modem 81 is installed in a room separate from the rooms in which the information processing terminals 83a, 83b, . . . are installed, installation of the cables requires large-scale work.

On the other hand, switching from wired communication as employed by conventional system 1 described above to wireless communication as employed by conventional system 2 described above requires replacement of the cable modem itself, and thus requires extra costs.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide a cable modem having a wireless communication function that permits easy and inexpensive switching from wired communication to wireless communication.

To achieve the above object, according to one aspect of the present invention, a cable modem having a wireless communication function and using a CATV network as an information transfer medium is provided with a cable modem proper that is connected by way of a coaxial cable to a CATV network and an expansion unit attached thereto having a wireless LAN function that permits communication with an information processing terminal on a wireless basis. Here, this expansion unit and the cable modem proper are coupled together by use of a plug and a

connector in such a way as to be freely removable. This permits easy switching from wired communication to wireless communication.

According to another aspect of the present invention, in this cable modem configured as described above, the plug is a plug for a LAN cable and the connector  
5 is a connector for a LAN cable. This permits easy switching from wired communication to wireless communication.

According to another aspect of the present invention, in the cable modem configured as described above, the bit error rate of the expansion unit is measured at regular time intervals so that the output level and the data transfer rate are varied  
10 according to the measurement results in order to keep communication quality above a predetermined level. In a case where a wireless network is used for communication with an information processing terminal, there is the risk of poor communication quality depending on the location of the information processing terminal. Even in such a case, this configuration makes it possible to keep  
15 communication quality above a predetermined level all the time.

According to another aspect of the present invention, in the cable modem configured as described above, the cable modem has a function of transmitting information on how much to increase or decrease the output level according to the measurement results to an interface portion of the information processing terminal  
20 that communicates with the cable modem on a wireless basis. This permits the output level and the data transfer rate to be adjusted also in the interface portion of the information processing terminal, and thereby makes it possible to keep communication quality above a predetermined level all the time also on the part of the information processing terminal. That is, by adjusting the output level and the

data transfer rate in both the cable modem and the interface portion of the information processing terminal, it is possible to keep communication quality above a predetermined level.

5

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

This and other objects and features of the present invention will become clear from the following description, taken in conjunction with the preferred embodiments with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the system configuration of a cable modem  
10 having a wireless communication function according to the invention;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the interface portion attached to the information processing terminal;

Fig. 3 is a diagram showing an example of the construction of a network system employing a cable modem according to the invention;

15 Fig. 4 is a flow chart showing the procedure for adjusting the output level and the data transfer rate;

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing the construction of the management table in a case where a plurality of information processing terminals are connected by a wireless network;

20 Fig. 6 is a protocol stack diagram showing the data conversion processes in the first and second MACs;

Fig. 7 is an external perspective view showing an example of the coupling mechanism between the cable modem proper and the expansion unit in a cable modem having a wireless communication function according to the invention;



Fig. 8 is an external perspective view showing another example of the coupling mechanism between the cable modem proper and the expansion unit in a cable modem having a wireless communication function according to the invention; and

5 Fig. 9 is a diagram showing the construction of a network system employing a conventional cable modem.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Hereinafter, embodiments of the present invention will be described with reference to the drawings. Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the system configuration of a cable modem having a wireless communication function according to the invention. Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing the configuration of the interface portion attached to an information processing terminal.

In this embodiment, as shown in Fig. 1, the cable modem is composed of a cable modem proper A and an expansion unit B. The cable modem proper A includes a tuner 1, a CATV-side modulator/demodulator 2 (a DEMOD (demodulator) 2a and a MOD (modulator) 2b), a first MAC (medium access controller) 3, a CPU 4, a buffer 5, and a second MAC. The expansion unit B includes an SS wireless part 7 that performs modulation/demodulation and frequency conversion on the wireless side, an output level adjuster 8, and an antenna 9. On the other hand, as shown in Fig. 2, the interface portion C attached to the information processing terminal 27 includes an output level adjuster 21, a reception amplifier (power amplifier) 22, a frequency converter 23, a modulator/demodulator 24, a MAC 25, and an output controller 26.

The tuner 1 selects information received from a CATV network, converts it into a demodulatable intermediate frequency, and feeds it to the demodulator 2a. The tuner 1 also incorporates a filter through which it transmits a modulated signal to the CATV network. Thus, through this filter, the tuner 1 sends out information  
5 fed from the modulator 2b to the CATV network, and takes in information from the CATV network into the cable modem.

The DEMOD (demodulator) 2a demodulates the intermediate-frequency output, generally QAM-modulated, fed from the tuner 1 and converts it into data packets, which are then fed to the first MAC 3. On the other hand, the MOD  
10 (modulator) 2b modulates the output of the first MAC 3 (i.e. information to be transmitted to the CATV network), generally into a QPSK signal format, and feeds it to the tuner 1.

The first MAC 3 classifies, or categorizes, information from the CATV network and information from a subscriber (end user) into signals to be processed  
15 inside the cable modem and signals to be transmitted to the subscriber or to the CATV network. The first MAC 3 also adds and removes headers and footers to and from data packets, i.e. packets of information, so as to convert the format of data packets.

The CPU 4 controls the direction and timing in and with which to output  
20 information, and stores the information to be output temporarily in the buffer 5. Moreover, actually using the wireless-side network, the CPU 4 measures the BER (bit error rate) and, according to the thus measured BER, feeds the output level adjuster 8 of the expansion unit B with a signal that instructs it to increase or decrease the output level on the wireless side. This signal, requesting an increase

or decrease in the output level, is also transmitted through the wireless circuit of the expansion unit B to the interface portion C (see Fig. 2) of a subscriber. On the basis of this signal, the interface portion C of the subscriber adjusts, through the output controller 26, the output level of the output level adjuster 21. However, 5 when continuous communication cannot be secured, the user is allowed to manually reset the output level to the maximum level. Similarly, also with respect to the data transfer rate, it is possible, by measuring the BER, to increase or decrease the data transfer rate according to the measured BER. For example, such adjustment of the output level and the data transfer rate is achieved by a procedure 10 as shown in Fig. 4.

Specifically, first, the BER on the wireless network side is measured (step S1), and whether the measured BER value is equal to or greater than a first predetermined threshold value or not is checked (step S2). If the BER value is smaller than the first threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S2 results in "no"), a 15 signal requesting a decrease in the output level is fed to the output level adjuster 8 of the expansion unit B to decrease the output level (step S3), and the data transfer rate is set at the maximum value (step S4).

On the other hand, if the BER value is equal to or greater than the first threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S2 results in "yes"), then whether the BER 20 value is smaller than a second predetermined threshold value (here, the second threshold value > the first threshold value) or not is checked (step S5). If the BER value is smaller than the second threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S5 results in "yes"), the current output level is judged to be adequate, and the procedure is ended without outputting a signal.

On the other hand, if the BER value is equal to or greater than the second threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S5 results in "no"), then whether the output level of the output level adjuster 8 has already reached the upper limit or not is checked (step S6). If the output level has not reached the upper limit (i.e. if  
5 the check in step S6 results in "no"), a signal requesting an increase in the output level is fed to the output level adjuster 8 of the expansion unit B to increase the output level (step S7), and the data transfer rate is set at the maximum value (step S4).

In contrast, if, in step 6, the output level is found to have reached the upper  
10 limit (i.e. if the check in step S6 results in "yes"), the BER on the wireless network side is measured again (step 8), and whether the measured BER value is smaller than the second threshold value or not is checked again (step S9). If the BER value is smaller than the second threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S9 results in "yes"), the output level is judged to be adequate, and the procedure is ended  
15 without outputting a signal.

On the other hand, if the BER value is equal to or greater than the second threshold value (i.e. if the check in step S9 results in "no"), then whether the data transfer rate at that time is at the minimum value or not is checked (step S10). If the data transfer rate is at the minimum value, the procedure is ended. On the  
20 other hand, if the data transfer rate is not at the minimum value (i.e. if the check in step S10 results in "no"), the data transfer rate is further decreased (step S11), and then the procedure returns to step S8. Thereafter, the operations in steps S8 to S11 are repeated.

Here, in a case where a plurality of information processing terminals are

connected by the wireless network, for example, a management table as shown in Fig. 5 is referred to and the output level and the data transfer rate are adjusted independently for each information processing terminal. In Fig. 5, "CPE" denotes "customer premises equipment" (equipment installed on a user's premises), which is a term used in the standards (MCNS) for cable modems.

The output level and the data transfer rate are adjusted in the manner described above.

The second MAC 6 converts and classifies data on the wireless side, and also exchanges data between the cable modem proper and the SS wireless part 7. In this embodiment, IP-conforming data packets are used, and therefore, with respect to data security, it is possible to use conventional security techniques, such as those using a public or secret key, as they are.

The SS wireless part 7 performs modulation for transmission and demodulation for reception on the wireless side. With respect to this SS wireless part 7, it is possible to readily utilize the modulation/demodulation techniques used in conventional wireless modems.

Fig. 6 is a protocol stack diagram showing the data conversion processes in the first and second MACs 3 and 6. Fig. 3 shows an example of the construction of a network system employing a cable modem according to the present invention. The features of this construction will be clear if compared with the conventional example shown in Fig. 9. In Fig. 9, reference numeral 91 represents a set-top box, reference numeral 92 represents a television monitor, and 27a and 27b represent personal computers.

In this embodiment, the information that the cable modem has received from

the CATV network is first demodulated, and then the first MAC 3 separates the information into control information required by the cable modem itself and information to be transmitted to a subscriber's information processing terminal. At this time, if a plurality of information processing terminals exist, it is also  
5 necessary to identify to which information processing terminal to transmit information. Then, the thus separated information (the information to be transmitted to the information processing terminal) is subjected to modulation and then to frequency conversion, and is then transmitted to the information processing terminal.

10 On the other hand, the information that the cable modem has received from the information processing terminal through the interface portion C is demodulated, and is then, after identifying the sender by referring to the management table shown in Fig. 5, separated into messages to the cable modem itself and information to be transmitted to the CATV station (head end). This information is then  
15 modulated and send out to the CATV network.

Figs. 7 and 8 are external perspective views showing examples of the coupling mechanism between the cable modem proper A and the expansion unit B of the cable modem having a wireless communication function configured as described above.

20 In the coupling mechanism shown in Fig. 7, a plug 13 is provided in the cable modem proper A, and a connector 12 is provided in the portion facing it of the expansion unit B, constituting as a whole a coupling mechanism of a slot-in type.

On the other hand, in the coupling mechanism shown in Fig. 8, a connector

(for example, an RJ-45 jack) 15 of a LAN cable is provided in the cable modem proper A, and a plug (for example, an RJ-45 plug) 14 of a LAN cable is provided in the portion facing it of the expansion unit B. This coupling mechanism, which couples the cable modem proper A and the expansion unit B together by use of  
5 LAN connectors, permits easy switching between wired and wireless communication.

As described above, according to this embodiment, a cable modem having a wireless communication function is provided with a cable modem proper that is connected by way of a coaxial cable to a CATV network and an expansion unit  
10 attached thereto having a wireless LAN function that permits communication with an information processing terminal on a wireless basis. In addition, this expansion unit and the cable modem proper are coupled together by use of a plug and a connector in such a way as to be freely removable. This permits easy switching from wired communication to wireless communication.

Moreover, in this cable modem having a wireless communication function,  
15 the bit error rate of the expansion unit is measured at regular time intervals so that the output level and the data transfer rate are varied according to the measurement results in order to keep communication quality above a predetermined level. In a case where a wireless network is used for communication with an information  
20 processing terminal, there is the risk of poor communication quality depending on the location of the information processing terminal. Even in such a case, this configuration makes it possible to keep communication quality above a predetermined level all the time.

Moreover, in this cable modem having a wireless communication function,

the cable modem has a function of transmitting information on how much to increase or decrease the output level according to the measurement results to an interface portion of the information processing terminal that communicates with the cable modem on a wireless basis. This permits the output level and the data transfer rate to be adjusted also in the interface portion of the information processing terminal, and thereby makes it possible to keep communication quality above a predetermined level all the time also on the part of the information processing terminal. That is, by adjusting the output level and the data transfer rate in both the cable modem and the interface portion of the information processing terminal, it is possible to keep communication quality above a predetermined level. Moreover, by adjusting the output level adequately, it is possible to save energy.



What is claimed is:

1. A cable modem comprising:

a cable modem proper that is connected by way of a coaxial cable to a CATV network;

5 an expansion unit having a wireless LAN function that permits communication with an information processing terminal on a wireless basis; and

a connecting member that removably couples the cable modem proper and the expansion unit together by use of a plug and a connector.

10 2. A cable modem as claimed in claim 1,

wherein the plug is a plug for a LAN cable and the connector is a connector for a LAN cable.

3. A cable modem as claimed in claim 1,

15 wherein a bit error rate of the expansion unit is measured at regular time intervals so that an output level and a data transfer rate are varied according to measurement results in order to keep communication quality above a predetermined level.

20 4. A cable modem as claimed in claim 3,

wherein the cable modem has a function of transmitting information on how much to increase or decrease the output level according to the measurement results to an interface portion of the information processing terminal that communicates with the cable modem on a wireless basis.

5. A cable modem as claimed in claim 1,

wherein the cable modem proper comprises a tuner, a demodulator, a modulator, a first and a second medium access controller, and a CPU,

5 the tuner selecting information received from the CATV network, converting the selected information into an intermediate frequency and then feeding it to the demodulator, and conversely transmitting information fed from the modulator to the CATV network,

10 the first medium access controller classifying information fed from the demodulator and information fed through the expansion unit from the information processing terminal into signals to be processed inside the cable modem and signals to be transmitted to the information processing terminal and to the CATV network,

15 the second medium access controller converting and exchanging data between the cable modem proper and the expansion unit.

6. A cable modem as claimed in claim 5,

wherein the CPU controls direction and timing in and with which to output information.

20

7. A cable modem as claimed in claim 5,

wherein the CPU measures a bit error rate and controls an output level of the expansion unit according to the measured bit error rate.

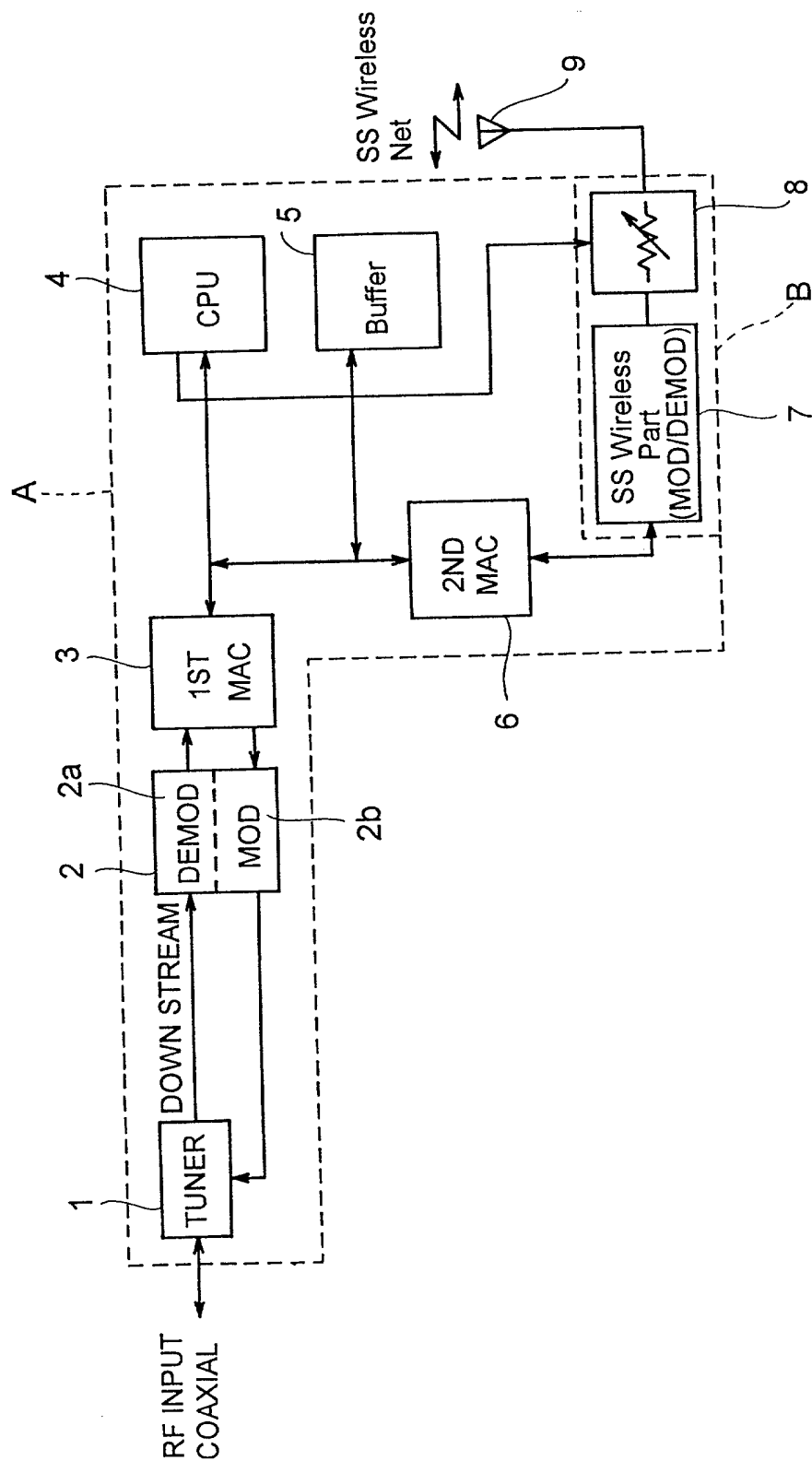
8. A cable modem as claimed in claim 5,

wherein the CPU measures a bit error rate and controls a data transfer rate according to the thus measured bit error rate.

## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A cable modem uses a CATV network as an information transfer medium. To a cable modem proper that is connected by way of a coaxial cable to a CATV network, an expansion unit is attached that has a wireless LAN function that  
5 permits wireless communication with an information processing terminal. The expansion unit is removably attached to the cable modem proper by use of a plug and connector.

FIG.1



**FIG. 2**

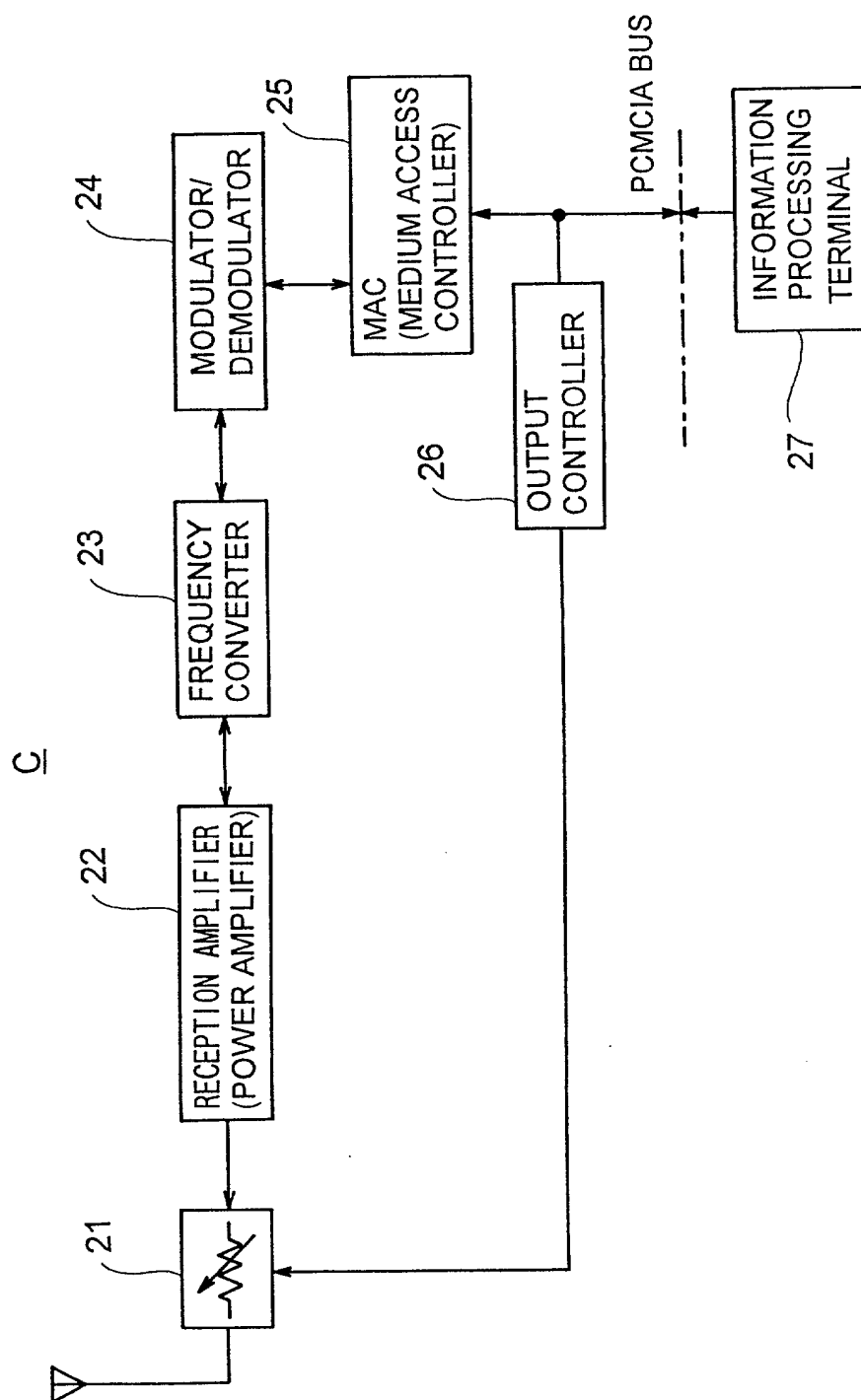




FIG.4

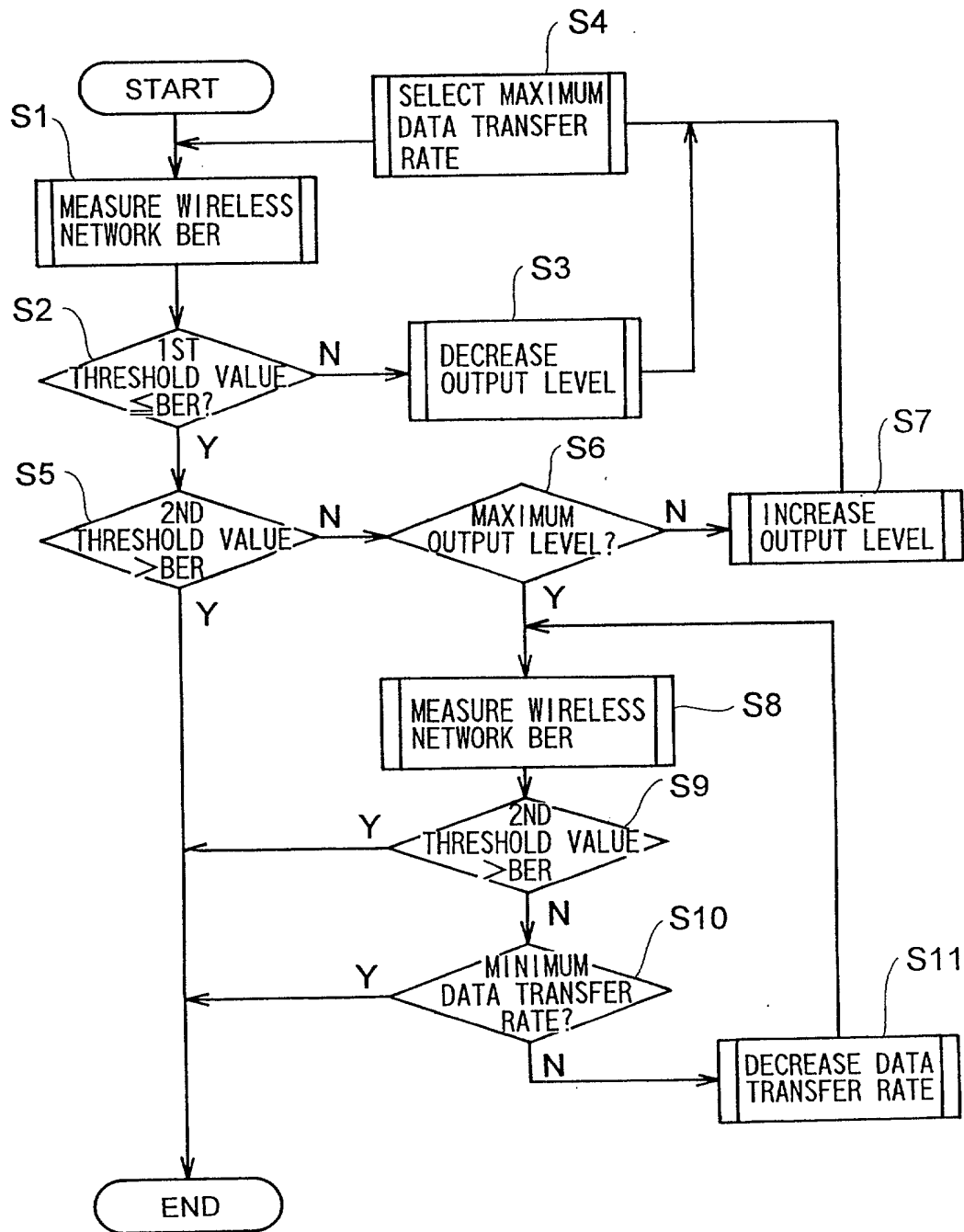




FIG.5

TERMINAL IP	RATE	CABLE MODEM OUTPUT	CPE OUTPUT
1××、○△△、□□、01	4800	5	5
02	9600	4	4
03	9600	3	3
.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.
.	.	.	.

FIG.6

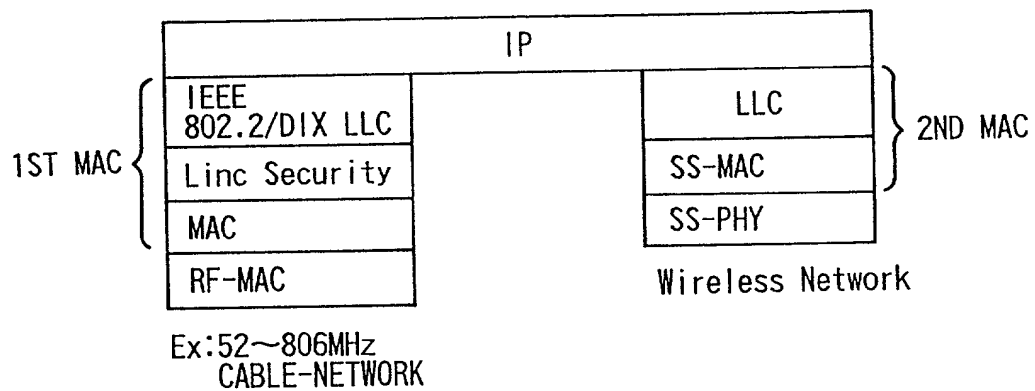


FIG.7

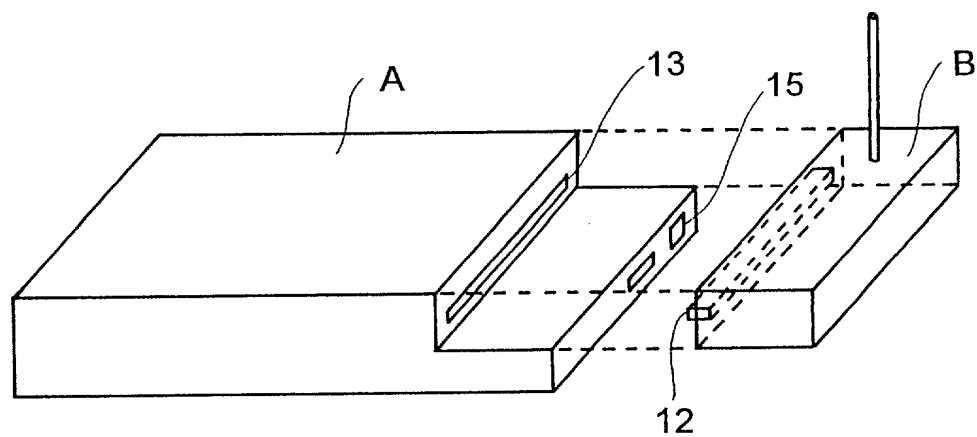


FIG.8

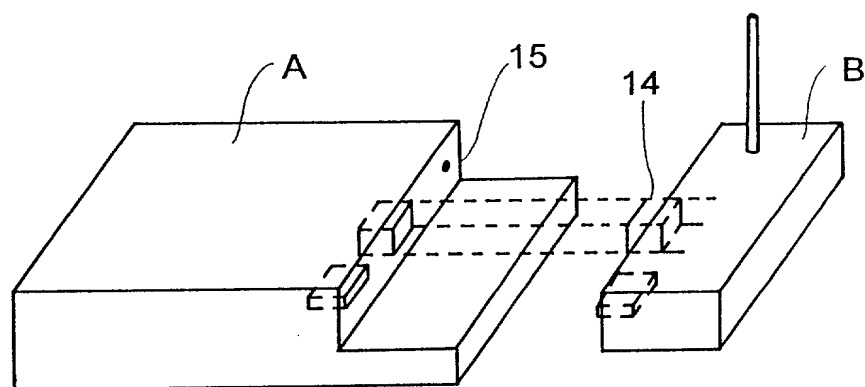
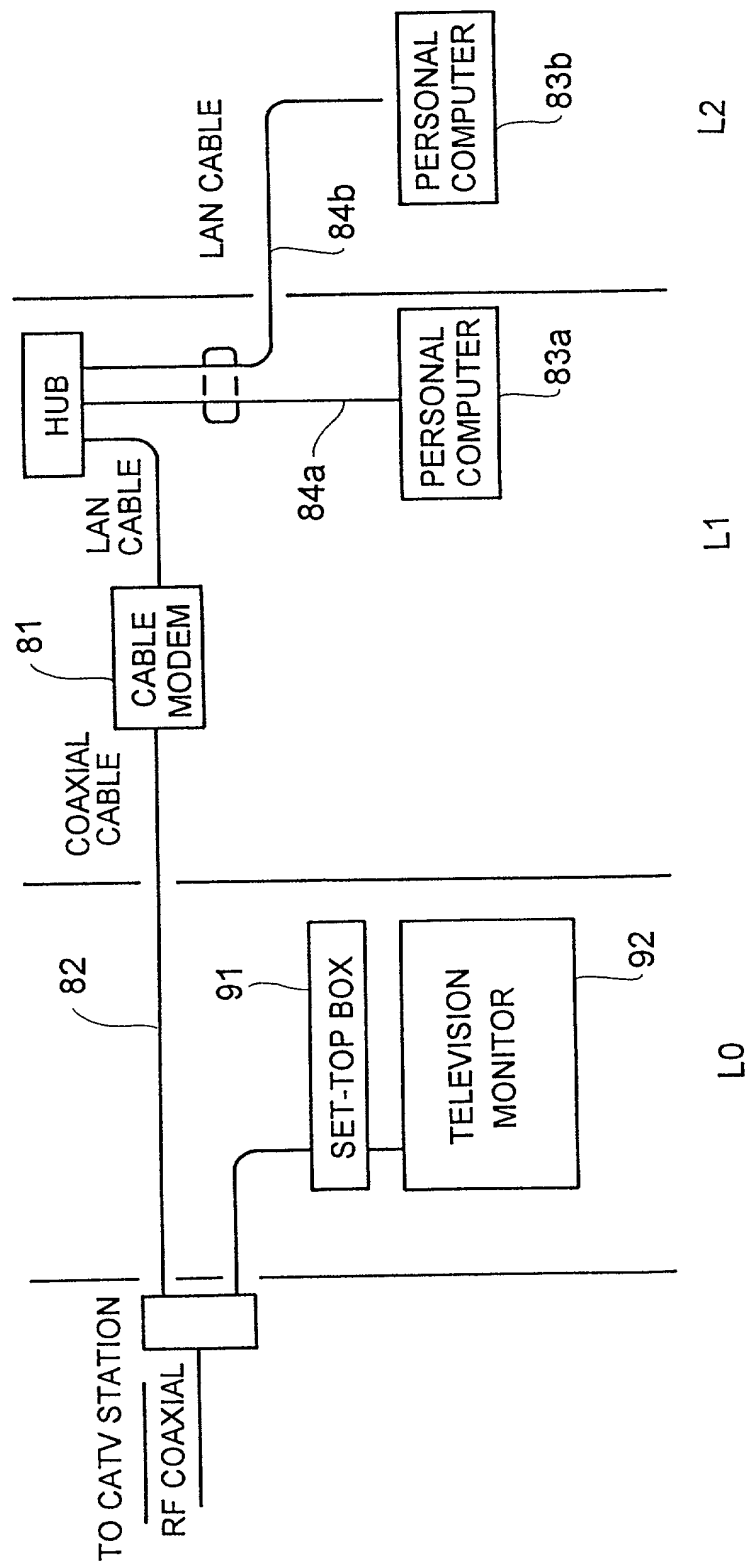


FIG. 9



**DIKE, BRONSTEIN, ROBERTS & CUSHMAN, LLP**  
**130 Water Street**  
**Boston, Massachusetts 02109**

**Attorney's Docket No.**  
 55013 (1992)  
**Page 1 of 4**

### DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that: My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name. I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed at 201) below or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed at 201-208 below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

CABLE MODEM HAVING A WIRELESS COMMUNICATION FUNCTION  
 which is described and claimed in:

- ☒ the specification attached hereto.
- ☐ the specification in U.S. Application Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_,  
 filed on \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ the specification in PCT international application Number \_\_\_\_\_  
 filed on \_\_\_\_\_; and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a). I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign/PCT Applications and Any Priority Claims Under 35 U.S.C. §119:			
Application No.	Filing Date	Country	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. §119?
H11-222576	August 5, 1999	Japan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below, and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 CFR §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

<b>Prior U.S. Applications or PCT International Applications Designating the U.S-Benefit Under 35 U.S.C. §120</b>					
<b>U.S. Applications</b>		<b>Status (Check One)</b>			
<b>Application Serial No.</b>	<b>U.S. Filing Date</b>	<b>Patented</b>	<b>Pending</b>	<b>Abandoned</b>	
<b>PCT Applications Designating the U.S.</b>					
<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Filing Date</b>	<b>U.S. Serial No. Assigned</b>			

**CLAIM FOR BENEFIT OF PRIOR U.S. PROVISIONAL APPLICATION(S)  
(35 U.S.C. §119(e))**

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Applicant	Provisional Application Number	Filing Date

**POWER OF ATTORNEY:** As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) with full powers of association, substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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I hereby further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further, that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Signature of Inventor 201 <i>Toshiro Kinemura</i>	Signature of Inventor 202
Date: July 24, 2000	Date:
Signature of Inventor 203	Signature of Inventor 204
Date:	Date:
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Date:	Date: